M. J. M. d. REMARKS GEO. B. PE' OF MARDEWAY, On his Bill to Prevent the Marriage of Cousins of the Filst Degree R APR. 10. 1916 IN SENATE, DECEMBER 9, 1859, S. INGEON-GENERAL'S OFFICE Mr. PETERS said: In the remarks which I shall | an idiot. Here the depravity is complete. In the make, let innot be forgotten, that in enumerating all the ills and afflictions following in the course of affiliated marriages. I do not by any means hold that these marriages are the only sources of those melancholy unaledies. My object is to show that the offspring of such incestious intercourse are more tage of brother and half sister, the percentage of defective children is 93.5. In the incestuous marriage of aunt and nephew, and uncle and niece, the per cent is 754. In the marriages of cousins, who are themselves the offspring of relatives, the per cent is 53.8. In double cousins take per cent is 27.2. obnoxious to such casualties, and that the percentage In the marriage of cousins of the first degree, the per cent is 24.9. So that as you recede from the identity of the parent stock, the proportion of the is larger among such persons than among the fruits of ordinary marriages. We find among the transactions of the American defective decreases. Medical Association, a lengthy roport embracing eight hundred and seventy-three observations of Of the 125 promiscuous marriages, where the parents were not related, there were born 837 children. Of these 18 were defective, to-wit: 3 were marriages of consanguinity of various degrees of relationship, furnished from the following States deaf mutes. 1 born blind, 6 idiots, 1 insane, 3 epileptic. 1 scrofulous -a little over 2 per cent. 12 by Maine, 9 by Vermont, 44 by New Hampshire. 87 by Masssachusetts, 35 by Connecticut. 51 by New York, 34 by Pennsylvania, 33 by New Jersey, 7 by Delaware, 2 by Maryland, 24 by Virginia. 11 by North Carolina, 3 by South Carolina, 30 by Georgia. 22 by Alabama, 14 by Misssisppi, 7 by Arkanses, 53 by Tennessee, 137 by Kentucky, 47 by Missouri, 16 by Illinois, 73 by Indiana, 18 by Ohio, 34 by Michigan, 42 by Wisconsin.

Of these there are ten cases of brother and half sister: twelve of uncle and neice, or aunt and ne-12 by Maine, 9 by Vermont, 44 by New Hampshire From the foregoing, it is evident there is the necessity of a law to prevent this alarming state of affairs. Now, sir, the existence of a grievance of some kind or other has been suggestive of every law in force in all governments, and the necessity of ameliorating that grievance, of whatever nature it may have been has hitherto elicited the attention of Legislatures, and evoked from such bodies enactments to protect the rights of persons and property, to repress crime, to restrain the vicious and to promote Of these there are ten cases of some and ne-sister; twelve of uncle and neice, or aunt and ne-phew; sixty-one blood relations, who were also descendants of cousins; twenty-seven of double first cousins; six bandred of first cousins, our law-tired marriages of second cousins; thirteen of third the general welfare and prosperity. But while they have generally given to the the governed a good code of criminal and civil laws. to course their own way, utterly reckless of the calamities which on dom has entailed upon the human cousins, and thirty of first cousins without any special history, family by incestuous marriages, thereby tolerating This report goes on to show that the offsprings of such marriages are by one hundred per cent more liable to consumption, scottla, epitepsy, centralisions hydrocephalus, and other hereditory diseases, than one of the most ruinous evils to mental and hysical development that has ever invaded the sanctuary of development that has ever invaded the sanctuary of the domestic relation—one that has been practiced from the earliest history, and which now prevails to a greater or less extent, I believe, in every country upon the face of the globe. The transgressor of divine laws has suspended over him the wrath of Omnipotence; the transgressor of human laws has the penalties of those laws allotted him; the transgressor of hygenic laws promotive of health and langevity, to wit; the insphriete and the the offsprings of persons who are not relatives Of the ten marriages of brother and half sister there were thirty-one children born in the aggregate; of that number twenty-nine were defective. to-wit: nineteen were idnots, one epeliptic, five scofulous, and eleven others deformed; one family of five children all idiots, one of seven children, six health and longevity, to wit: the inebriate and the debauchee, must suffer all the ills which follow in of the children all lifes, one of sever children, could not speak so as to be understood.

Of the twelve marriages of uncle and neice, or aunt and nephew, there were in the aggregate fifty-three children, of this number forty were defective. the train of a premature old age, inviting an early decay: and the offenders against the laws of propagation (creating the grievance for which this bill is to-wit one deaf and dumb, three blind born, three idiots, one insano, one epeliptic, thirteen scofulous provided.) have visited upon them the terrible con-sciousness of having riveted upon their unoffending sciousness of naving riveted upon their unorganing offsprings either physical or mental degeneracy, or both together. And whilst your Legislatures have loaded your statute books with laws provining against all other orders of nuisance, this most important and most neglected subject, affecting the welfare of families and whole communities, has gone and the other nineteen deective, were deformed in and the other marriages of cousins, who some way.

Of the sixty-one marriages of cousins, who were themselves the offspring of kindred parents, there were born 247 children. Of these there were defective, 128, to-wit: 9 were deaf mutes, 12 born blind, 31 idiots, 4 insane, 4 cpileptic, 44 were confedent and 23 deformed. on unheeded, spreading its blight through every grade of civilization. Of the twenty-seven marriages of double first cousins, there were 154 children born. Of these, there were defective, 42, to-wit; 2 were deaf and damb, 2 born blind, 4 idiots, 5 were insane, 2 epileptic, 14 scrofulous, and 12 deformities in some way. Of the six hundred marriages of first cousins, there were born 2 838 children. Of these 839 were defective, to-wit; 122 were deaf matte, 59 born blind, 240 idiots, 36 insane, 45 epilentic, and 36 loss scrofes. For ages these incestnous mariages (for such they are.) have been spreading their pestiferous canker, and although the frequency of marriages of courms have familiarized mankind with the unrighteous practice and has somewhat reconciled public opinion to its odium, yet upon a close examination of the subject, they are emphatically more incestuous in cases of double first cousins, than marriages of brothers and half-sisters, a union of which in this 240 idiots. 36 insane, 45 epileptic, and 201 scrofulous, and 136 more or less deformed. age of civilized progress would startle everybody and fix the finger of scorn upon the guilty perpetrators of such acts, for life. Nevertheless such marriages of half brothers and sisters, however reingrange of relationship, we find that the per cent of the defertive offspring lessons as we get fauther form the purent blood. Thus, in the incestuous intercourse of father and daughter, two children born are both deformed and scrofulous. In another, of volting they may appear, have one half of foreign tercourse of fether and daughter, two children born are both deformed and scrofulous. In another, of a man and his grand daughter, produced one child, are brothers and sisters, all their elements constituting an identity of constitutional material without one single new accession to aid in reconstructing their progeny.

The moralist who may have been bold enough at any time to arraign the propriety of such marriages as offensive to the laws of decency, the laws of propagation and the laws of propriety, has been paralysed in his efforts by the absence of any legislative enactment to support and give tone to his cause.

This, sir, is a subject which addresses itself to every philanthropist, because the evils following in its train are not to affect the great interests of the country, but they strike deep in the boson of social intercourse. A subject attended with collateral misfortunes in its wake, more momentous and fraught with direr consequences than any other domoralizing influence with which we have to contend, with the solitary exception perhaps of drankenness alone.

the solitary exception, perhaps, of drunkenness alone.

And why is it so? To answer this question involves a brief survey of the laws of propogation as applicable to animals as well as men; in fact men are animals so far as their physical development is concerned, and are obedient in in their organism to the same physiological laws as are some of the lower animals. The experienced stock raiser is well aware of the baneful results of breeding stock tegether through successive generations, and hence the crossing of stock, as it is called, is a universal custom among men of observation, to secure a perfect configuration and a complete development. Degeneracy is an inevitable consequence of breeding stock through the identical parentage and offspring for successive generations: this being conceeded as regards the corporeal formation of brutes, which alone is the subject of obser vation, the brain and nervous system must suffer in common with the general physical fabric. This organ, however, being naturally small in that class of creatures, and the manifestations of its functione, the mind, very feeble, their mental capacity has not been so closely scrutinized until recently, and consequently no estimate has been made of the effects of such breeding on their brain. It is, therefore, an inference, that, as the whole body suffers deterioration, brain and all, she functions are imparred in proportion to that degeneracy—the mind as its function, suffering in a direct ratio with the decreased energy of its proper organ.

Observation and experience have established these facts beyond controversy, in the history of most mammal tribes, and if a known law of degeneracy holds good in some species and genera by analogy we are led to assume that it is equally true in al. of the order.

But, on looking into the laws governing the complete propogation and development of creatures, we find a class of beings below the mammalia, whose organization is not influenced by the same general laws that affect the growth of the higher order of animals. With that class, mingling the same procreative elements together through a continued succession of generations, is a sine qua nan to their complete evolution, and a continuation of their perfect species and genera. The moluscae and crustacea, and especially the hyprenoptera and lepidoptera, including all the varieties of insects, belong to that class.

Thus one part of creation is influenced by such laws as insures perpetuity of their perfect orders, while another part is influenced by another set of laws, apparently subversive of the first set, governing their propogation and developement, so that "every living creature follows after the ways of its kind."

Take, for example, some of the insect tribes, which are the very same now in habitudes as they have always been, as far back as we can trace them; their individual and general characteristics are the very same, not having undergone any detriment from mingling kindred stock together in their propogation through the waste of ages. It is a special law of their nature to do so. That whole order is produced by brother and sister through countless generations, without the slightest aberration or deterioration whatever. The male and female silkworm reared from a common parentage, produces a family. In the act of procreation the male dies; when the female deposits her ova she too, having accomplished the great object of her existence (propoga-

tion) dies also, while their ova, like the fabled Phonix spring into life on the ruins of their ancestry, and develope into the full and perfect being. It is the same case with all the species of the lepidoptera, whose history has been clearly defined; the wasp, hornet, and every species of bee pursue the same course—are propogated by brother and sister—and have not lost for centuries the perfect distinctive organization of their race. The ant and honey bee are the same perfect creatures in conformation and habitudes they were as described in the first account we have of them.

But, when you leave that order and ascend higher in the scale of creatures among the mammalia, where, by a few lirks, you are introduced to man, the summit and perfection of animal symetry, a totally different law of propogation comes into action, and instead of a continuous succession of parents, as in the lower order, to preserve identity of tribe and individuality of species, a foreign parent of the same species becomes necessary to perfect the organization of the offspring. Now, although the governing rules which appertain to the lower creatures is not in accordance with the laws applicable to the higher orders of creatures, yet each, in the great arrangement of Providence, is obedient to its own proper and fixed laws, which in every individual tribe is constantly the same.

Examine all the creatures in existence with which our limited knowledge has made us familiar, and a regular concatenation of species and orders are linked together the oughout the whole animal world. Beginning in the microscopic sphere, the millions are connected by appropriate links; ascending into the visible world, that succession of connection continues; still rising in the scale of animal existence, organ after organ is a lifed and super added in the different tribes, and all connected together by appropriate intermediate genera. Thus an intermediate race between the fish and the reptile genera, between the quadruped and reptile, between the quadruped and man.

Throughout the vast chain of beings the fundamental laws of propagation, development and organization are these chose applicable to preservation of the species; secondly, those applicable to physical transmission; and thirdly, those that are applicable to transmission of habitudes.

By the laws to perpetuate the species, an hybrid

By the laws to perpetuate the species, an hybrid of any two distinct species is forever debarred from transmitting with a similar hybrid or an original species his individual peculiarity to an offspring, thereby obeying a wise ordinance of nature, preventing a blending of races and a chaos of animal existence. The second law is that of a transmission of physical conformation already discussed

sion of physical conformation already discussed.

The third law is the transmission of habitudes. This is an attribute of nervous agency, and upon it depends the energy and vivacity of the offspring, and is always influenced by the relationship of the original-stock. Thus a foreign parent by introducing as it were the habitudes of Fauna 3 other regions, and by bringing a variety of elements together, the vim and activity of the offspring is greatly increased. So also in mingling wild and domestic animal, or animals of the same species from other regions of the earth, blending a diversity of babitudes, the full and complete organization with a perfect manifestation of powers and properties is obtained. But the reverse is the case in blending the same stock successively; there no new element is thrown into the composition of the new being, he is but a repetition, an identity of habitude; a counterfait, a routine of feelings and a sameness of organization intensified by constant repitition; cotinues generation after generation until the power of procreative energy is lost and exhausted, and stupidity and degeneracy results of all the manifestations of power, both of a nervous and a physical character.

These positions as to cause and effect may be questionable, but the deplorable facts of degeneracy as set forth, experience has demonstrated to be a fixed law among all the mammal tribes where being after being are engrafted on the same stock, annihilating the agencies necessary to perfection of conformation. This theory may be false, but the facts are notorious. Then how much more striking must be the fact when you ascend to the summit of organi-

zation, where man supremely endowed with a voluminous brain, and whose mental supremacy has made him the monarch of creation and given to him

dominion over all things?

Whatever causes endanger the animal develop ment is any species of the mammala will also en danger that of the human race. Blood bred on kin dred blood infuses into the succeeding races a viciated integral composition and a diseased or diminutive integral composition and a diseased or diminutive construction, which is equally true in its application to mankind; and wh tever produces a diminished volume or force in an organ abridges its power; then the deduction follows that as the brain is an integral part of the general corporeal structure and degene rates in common with the general system of parts, its functions must be abridged and weakened by specessive repetitions of the causes of that weak ness, resulting in hideous deformities and idiocy.

Why a different set of laws regulate the procreation of the nigher order of animals from these which regulate the perpetuity of individuality of the hymenoptera and others lower in the scale of being—why one part of creation is obedient to certain restrictions, and another presenting a defiance to those restrictions and appearing anomalous, is known only to Him whose fiat spoke those general laws into exis-

Our knowledge is confined to the lamentable fact that the penalties of a violation of these laws are made manifest in the awful visitations, upon the fruits of such disobedience, of imbecility and the

more hideous curse of mania in its various forms—afflictions imposed no doubt by Providence to prevent the blending of blood with kindred blood.

Go you to your asylums of distress and ponder over the silent fate of deaf mutes, and inquire into the history of a large proportion of them. Go you into the receptacles of the blind, and investigate all the circumstances connected with their dreary pilgrimcirc instances connected with their dreary prigrinage on earth, and learn how far a congenital defect of the organ of sight has depended upon consanguined degeneracy. Go to your Insane Hospitals, those abodes of wretchedness and despair, and shudder in sympathizing anguish for your race, as you look on the ravings of one whose peculiar organization has dethroned his reason, and made him a fiend in human shape. Go into every grade of society, and you encounter beings so deformed that they are a nuisance to humanity and a drudgery to life itself. Go into all classes of the community where relatives have married and inter-married for the purpose of promoting mercenary ends, and contemplate imbe-cility among the adults, and diseases of a congenital character among the youthful. Go every whereguine marriages are promoted, and lo! what havor of physical symmetry and perfection! what grievous mental aberations, and what depravity of all the elements which are calculated to ennoble and beau-

These are some of the considerations which float on the great ocean of similar facts that present themselves to the philanthropist, invoking him to use all his powere and influence to prevent the ruin-ous practice of such marriages. They address themselves to the law-maker, and implore him to in-terpose his influence. The wretched offspring and victims of such marriages cry aloud to humanity to frown them dawn and a sympathisms pation is frown them down, and a sympathising nation is ready to wail over the tardy action of legislative

bodies in repressing the custom.

Aye, sir, contemplate nearly "all the evils to which flesh is heir." Visit the scenes of affliction and distress in their broadest phase, resulting from marriages of cousins of the first degree, (remember this is a fruitfel source, but not the only one.) Look at the epileptic as he struggles in the toils of an appaling malady, originating in a deficient organization of the brain and nervous system, transmitted to him by a kindred ancestry, and over which he has had no control. Look at the convulsed infant, writhing in unconscious agony, which, originating from the same cause, deranges all the vital forces, producing an aberation of intellect, which like the fatal tunic of Hercules, sticks to him for life, and from his cradie to his grave he only vegetates a demented nuisance. Look upon all these penalties of violated law, and ponder well over "grief's forbidden story," as

spoken in the evidences furnished by the unforturate offsprings of these unhallowed marriages, from their birth to the charnel house, and you are forced to the conviction that blood should not be mingled with kindred blood in wedlock. Again: Contemplate in this connection the consequences of such marriages where they have been encouraged by unalthy lucre, in order to keep estates in certain family connexions; and behold the withering rebuke of such mercenary motives, and the scathing manifestations of offended nature. The penalties of violated law rest heavily on them. Whole connexions have become so imbecile, that families are met with so feeole in intellect, that not a solitary member could transact the most ordinary business, far less than aspiring to the dignity of managing estates entailed on them by the legitimate laws of descentnay, more, many of them are either idiots, maniaes monsters.

or monsters.

But, sirs, the subject is not exhausted by this brief review of facts. Individuals and individual communities are not the only sufferers from this evil. Whole nations, in times gone by, have been ruined and Jebased by the practice and fruits of incestuous marriages. Call to mind the prosperous and powerful kingdom of Syria, after the vast dominions of the Macedonian Conqueror had been partitioned approach is victorious Concerns.

among his victorious Generals.

This country, after some fluctuations, fell to the lot of Seleucius, in whose family the crown remained for some generations, until the imbecility and cruelty of the reigning monarchs, induced the and crueity of the reigning monarcis, induced the people to invite Tigranes, a neighboring Prince, to take possession of the realm, and then the sceptre fell from the impotent and unworthy grasp of the Seleucidae. The whole history of that race of sovereigns, is a history blackened by moral turpitude, physical degeneracy, and mental peaury. Now, sir, why was this? Why was this magnificent kingdom, placed as it was in the temperate zone of the peculiarly favorable to the development of a complete animal organization for the development of great mental energy, physical prowess, and beauty and symmetry of form, made the home of madmen and monsters? Why was a country in a clime consecrated by Deity, to the production of the most secrated by Deity, to the production of the most eminent of created intelligences, prostituted to the production of idots and fiends? Let your history answer. Let the warnings of nature speak out. Let the shades of departed greatness tell you. It was the fruit of consanguineous marriages. For many generations polygany and incestious marriages, such as brothers and discount market discounted and decay. sisters, nieces and uncles, &c., disgraced and degraded the Selucidae, engendering among each other mutual hatred, malignant antipathies, infldelity, treachery, treason, and often the most flendish assassinations.

Aye, sir, in two centuries the Seleucidae exterminated themselves by consanguinuous marriages, which brought forth a set of rulers who gloated with indifference or crime, on civil feuds, and on a perfect chaos of iniquities. And thus passed away the glory and grandeur of Syria, from the effeminate control of that debased line of monarchs.* Trace out the succession of Kings in that far-famed country, spread along the fertile deltas of the Nile. A country inhabited by a race of people, who from admixture with that nation took on the beautiful mould of the Grecian. They were endowed with great vigor, both of body and mind, and devoted to all the industrial pursuits of life, with an indefatigable zeal for commercial enterprises, and were characterized by a laudable patriotism, and a gencrous love of country. The arts and sciences were most assiduously cultivated, and all the improvements that most exalt, ennoble, and adorn the mental and physical constitution of man were held in idolatrous estimation. The learning of that people was made proverbial by sacred history, and their prowess was extolled by every tongue and in every country, as being far in advance of their national cotemporaries.

But in an evil hour that empire of wealth and wisdom fell into the possession of Ptolemy Soter, another of Alexander's Marshals.

Then began that reign of polygamy and incest

nation. Egypt and Syria were at this time cotempo raries in power and dominions, and also they were the very synonym of each other in degradation and crime, in habitudes and in infamous depravity. The Monarchs and Princesses of each Court not only married and intermarried with each other at home, but the Courts courteously exchanged the royal criminalty of the same incest with each other. blending a degenerate race with a kindred degeneracy, and by constant repetitions of the same criminality. followed a further decline in all the elements of energy in their pusillanimous progeny, which being continued still further, intensified by incestaous blending of affinities, plunged this country in the same vortex of ruin as that which overwhelmed Syria ; and the same retribution for the offended laws of nature which desolated Syria, also crumbled this mighty fabric of power and opulence into ruins. The country of Egypt, which had reared its monumental pyramids to the skies, around which even yet, lingers the glorious halo of Sesustris and Pharaoh, is known as a monument of that incestuous era which poisoned the very fountains of natural instinct, dethroned every honorable impulse supped the stamina of the people, and passed the sceptre to other powers more worthy and able to maintain it.

But you need not travel into those far off scenes of history to find evidences to support the assump-tion that a violation of the laws against incest is followed by the most grievous afflictions. The blending together consanguineous royalty in the middle ages of Europe seems to have been as fruitful of disastrons consequences, as the same habit was in former times. For a wise and inscrutable purpose. incest was permitted in the first history of man's existence, when alliances of near blood affinities seemed to have a divine sanction, and heaven's benediction rested on them; but at that time population was sparse, the pabulum of life abundant, and great longevity attained; but before the peralcious influences of meest good be established in the founand infused through all the eletains of existence, and infused turough ail the ele-ments of stamina, the multiplicity of the race offer ed an opportunity for diffusion of the sexual attachments, and thereby averted the otherwise inevitable penalties of degeneracy. In the repetition of the error of consanguineous marriages among the reigning families of the middle ages, to that host of evils already detailed, we have added that of the most loathsome of maladies

In this later mingling of affiliated blood together we have engendered, in addition to the former afflic tions, diseases of various kinds, among which is that of scrofula—a disease so notoriously the result of consanguined marriages among the royalty of that period, that it acquired the well-merited title of the "King's Evil." What is scrofula but another name for consumption? Owing to a depravity of the di gestive apparatus in some constitutions, too much albumen is generated and thrown into the current of blood, which, on account of some exciting cause, is deposited in the meshes of the lungs, producing consumption, or in the glandular structure, producing scrofula. It would be an interesting and a curious investigation to determine whether this original depravity of the great digestive system was or was not brought about by that degeneracy following the marriages of first cousins, whose offspring, still pursuing the ways of their parents, in part, and others forming other alliances beyond the range of family kindred, have contributed to continue and extend these maladies through a succession of ages and generations, until nearly the whole human family have become subject to these reproaches of medical science. There may and does occasionally appear an exception to the general law of physical degeneracy in some familes, but even in these there lurks some hidden proclivity to disease in obscurity, awing to which the vital forces seem incapable of resisting ordinary attacks of disease. Also, there are some instances where the mental energy is not impaired, but in such cases most gen-

which disgraced the escatcheon of that wonderful nation. Egypt and Syria were at this time cotemporaries in power and dominions, and also they were the very synonym of each other in degradation and crime, in habitudes and in infamous depravity. The Monarchs and Princesses of each Court not only married and intermarried with each other at heme, but the Courts courteously exchanged the royal criminalty of the same incest with each other blending a degenerate race with a kindred degeneracy, and by constant repetitions of the same criminality, followed a furtner decline in all the elements of energy in their pusillanimous progeny, which the same criminality of the same criminality of the same criminality of the same criminality. Followed a furtner decline in all the elements of energy in their pusillanimous progeny, which the same criminality of the same criminality. Followed a furtner decline in all the elements of energy in their pusillanimous progeny, which the same criminality of the same criminality of the same criminality of the same criminality of the same incest with each other and the same criminality of the same incest with each other at these apparent exceptions, and where the anxious solicitude of parents is for a season quieted, the very next offspring may be smitten with all the harrowing infirmities which follow in the train of these apparent exceptions, and where the anxious solicitude of parents is for a season quieted, the very next offspring may be smitten with all the harrowing infirmities which follow in the train of these apparent exceptions, and where the anxious solicitude of parents is for a season quieted. The very next offspring may be smitten with all the harrowing infirmities which follow in the train of these apparent exceptions, and where the anxious solicitude of parents is for a season quieted. The very next offspring may be smitten with all the existence, but in those very families who h

by the sword of innate disease.

In conclusion—you are here, gentlemen, to legislate for the wants and requirements of the people. Ask of every man and woman their honest convictions on this subject and you will not find an advocate for these marriages of double and first cousins, while you will meet with one general outburst in denunciation of them. Not even among the suicidal perpetrators of this custom can you find a defender of its propriety, while the evils growing out from them are so palpably inevitable, that the general voice of the nation implores you to devise some measure to counteract this infatuated feeling among

cousins of these degrees.

In a report made to the American Medical Association, in vol. xi. Dr. Bemiss, of Louisville, after collecting the facts of men of observation, during an elaborate investigation, assumes that twelve per cent of all the deaf and dumb in the United States eight per cent of the congenital blind, twelve per cent of the idiots, and ten per cent of the insane are the children of cousins, and concludes that the increase and decrease of calamities correspond with the increase and decrease of relationship—defects of offspring multiplying precisely as we multiply the seme blood, and, that inand in marrying does incontestably lead, in the aggregate, to their physical

contestably lead, in the aggregate, to their physical and mental depreciation.

Now, Senators, I ask you to interpose your edict of confemnation of such marriages. Fortifi them by your legislative authority, and invest public opinion, already arrayed against them, with a potency that can effectually and forever restrain consanguineous marriages. This law will have no retrospective action, nor involve in disgrace the fruit of former evers, by interfering in any manner whatever with those unfortunate connections already consummated. It leaves their offspring to their melancholy fate and resigns them to the inevitable afflictions which bestrew their pathway. Its action is altogether prospective, looking to a more elevated sense of propriety and a more exalted conception of the laws of nature.

Lend your influence and aid in establishing a law to arrest this grievance. For humanity's sake debar these relationships from marrying, by a legal enactment, and your legislative fiat will act as a barrier and lessen a nuisance which is offensive both to the laws of nature and to the laws of man. The human mind naturally aspires only to such objects as are within the range of possible attainment, and not after that which is forbidden and beyond its legitimate reach. And thus it is; without legal restraint many persons will entertain the design of effecting consanguineous alliances, either from motives of policy or the impulse of generous emotions. But place your legal interdiction before the community, as a protecting ægis; say these things shall not be, and in many, nay in most instances otherwise favorable to such connections, the idea will be discarded.

With such a seal of disapprobation as you could throw around such marriages, officious parents and sordid relatives would be silenced. Mercenary cousins will not contemplate with any degree of composure, a connection forbidden by the laws of the land, and very soon public opinion, the great regulator, will frown down the practice of such marriages. Incest will be arrested, and the anathemas of a disgusted and more enlightened age will be hushed.